Teaching Field Experience

Course Details

Course Designator & Number: MONT 3212
Number of Credits: 3
Language of Instruction: English
Contact Hours: 10 hours mentoring, 112 hours student teaching

Course Description

Under the supervision of University of Montpellier education faculty, students participate in substantive teaching field experience in the English classroom in the local Montpellier schools. Students are also supervised and mentored by the English teacher in the local school. Group reflection meetings and one-on-one feedback from the University of Montpellier faculty provide context and mentoring.

Course Objectives

- To build intercultural competence, observe, compare and contrast educational systems.
- To reflect on teaching and learning in culturally diverse settings.
- To become a reflective practitioner and to analyze one’s practice and view it from a critical perspective.

Methodology

Discussions and feedback on the student’s experience in the classroom (with classroom teacher as supervisor).

Required Reading / Materials


Grading

Grading Rubric

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Letter Grade</th>
<th>Score or Percentage</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A</td>
<td>93–100</td>
<td>Achievement that is outstanding relative to the level necessary to meet course requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A-</td>
<td>90–92</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B+</td>
<td>87–89</td>
<td>Achievement that is significantly above the level necessary to meet course requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B</td>
<td>83–86</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B-</td>
<td>80–82</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C+</td>
<td>77–79</td>
<td>Achievement that meets the course requirements in every respect.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C</td>
<td>73–76</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Letter Grade</td>
<td>Score or Percentage</td>
<td>Description</td>
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<tr>
<td>C-</td>
<td>70–72</td>
<td>Achievement that is worthy of credit even though it fails to fully meet the course requirements.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D+</td>
<td>67–69</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>D</td>
<td>60–66</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>0–59</td>
<td>Represents failure (or no credit) and signifies that the work was either (1) completed but at a level of achievement that is not worthy of credit or (2) was not completed and there was no agreement between the instructor and the student that the student would be awarded an I.</td>
</tr>
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Summary of How Grades Are Weighted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Assignments</th>
<th>Percentage of Grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Participation in class</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lesson plans</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Journal entries</td>
<td>35%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overall grade</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Assessment Details

STANDARD 1 SUBJECT MATTER (INTASC Standard # 4: Content Knowledge)

A teacher must understand the central concepts, tools of inquiry, and structures of the disciplines taught and be able to create learning experiences that make these aspects of subject matter meaningful for students. The teacher must:
2A. understand major concepts, assumptions, debates, processes of inquiry, and ways of knowing that are central to the disciplines taught (INTASC 4j)

2C. connect disciplinary knowledge to other subject areas and to everyday life

2D. understand that subject matter knowledge is not a fixed body of facts but is complex and ever developing

2F. use varied viewpoints, theories, ways of knowing, and methods of inquiry in teaching subject matter concepts

(INTASC 4a, 4g)

**STANDARD 2: STUDENT LEARNING (INTASC Standard #1: Learner Development)**

A teacher must understand how students learn and develop and must provide learning opportunities that support a student's intellectual, social, and personal development. The teacher must:

3A. understand how students internalize knowledge, acquire skills, and develop thinking behaviors, and know how to use instructional strategies that promote student learning (INTASC 1d, 1j)

3B. understand that a student's physical, social, emotional, moral, and cognitive development influence learning and know how to address these factors when making instructional decisions (INTASC 1b)

3C. understand developmental progressions of learners and ranges of individual variation within the physical, social, emotional, moral, and cognitive domains, be able to identify levels of readiness in learning, and understand how development in any one domain may affect performance in others (INTASC 1e, 1h)

3D. use a student's strengths as a basis for growth, and a student's errors as opportunities for learning (INTASC 1f, 1i)

3F. link new ideas to familiar ideas; make connections to a student's experiences; provide opportunities for active engagement, manipulation, and testing of ideas and materials; and encourage students to assume responsibility for shaping their learning tasks (INTASC 1a)

**STANDARD 3: DIVERSE LEARNERS (INTASC #2: Learning Differences)**

A teacher must understand how students differ in their approaches to learning and create instructional opportunities that are adapted to students with diverse backgrounds and exceptionalities. The teacher must:

4A. understand and identify differences in approaches to learning and performance, including varied learning styles and performance modes and multiple intelligences; and
know how to design instruction that uses a student's strengths as the basis for continued learning (INTASC 2g)

4B. know about areas of exceptionality in learning, including learning disabilities, perceptual difficulties, and special physical or mental challenges, gifts, and talents (INTASC 2f and 2h)

4C. know about the process of second language acquisition and about strategies to support the learning of students whose first language is not English (INTASC 2i, 2o)

4D. understand how to recognize and deal with dehumanizing biases, discrimination, prejudices, and institutional and personal racism and sexism

4E. understand how a student's learning is influenced by individual experiences, talents, and prior learning, as well as language, culture, family, and community values (INTASC 2j, 2m)

4F. understand the contributions and lifestyles of the various racial, cultural, and economic groups in our society (INTASC 2k)

4G. understand the cultural content, world view, and concepts that comprise Minnesota-based American Indian tribal government, history, language, and culture

4H. understand cultural and community diversity; and know how to learn about and incorporate a student's experiences, cultures, and community resources into instruction (INTASC 2d)

4I. understand that all students can and should learn at the highest possible levels and persist in helping all students achieve success (INTASC 2c, 2l)

4J. know about community and cultural norms (INTASC 2k) 4K. identify and design instruction appropriate to a student's stages of development, learning styles, strengths, and needs (INTASC 2a)

4L. use teaching approaches that are sensitive to the varied experiences of students and that address different learning and performance modes (INTASC 2a)

4M. accommodate a student's learning differences or needs regarding time and circumstances for work, tasks assigned, communication, and response modes (INTASC 2b) PAGE 4

4N. identify when and how to access appropriate services or resources to meet exceptional learning needs (INTASC 2f) 4

O. use information about students' families, cultures, and communities as the basis for connecting instruction to students' experiences (INTASC 2d)
4P bring multiple perspectives to the discussion of subject matter, including attention to a student's personal, family, and community experiences and cultural norms (INTASC 2d)

4Q. develop a learning community in which individual differences are respected (INTASC 2f, 2n)

4R. identify and apply technology resources to enable and empower learners with diverse backgrounds, characteristics, and abilities (INTASC 2j)

**STANDARD 4: INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES (INTASC #5: Application of Content)**

A teacher must understand and use a variety of instructional strategies to encourage student development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance skills. The teacher must:

5A. understand Minnesota's graduation standards and how to implement them

5C. understand principles and techniques, along with advantages and limitations, associated with various instructional strategies (INTASC 5i)

5D. nurture the development of student critical thinking, independent problem solving, and performance capabilities (INTASC 5m)

5F. design teaching strategies and materials to achieve different instructional purposes and to meet student needs including developmental stages, prior knowledge, learning styles, and interest

5G. use multiple teaching and learning strategies to engage students in active learning opportunities that promote the development of critical thinking, problem solving, and performance capabilities and that help students assume responsibility for identifying and using learning resources (INTASC 5c and 5m)

5H. monitor and adjust strategies in response to learner feedback

5I. vary the instructional process to address the content and purposes of instruction and the needs of students (INTASC 5c)

5J. develop a variety of clear, accurate presentations and representations of concepts, using alternative explanations to assist students' understanding and present varied perspectives to encourage critical thinking (INTASC 5e)

5K. use educational technology to broaden student knowledge about technology, to deliver instruction to students at different levels and paces, and to stimulate advanced levels of learning (INTASC 5l)

5K. use educational technology to broaden student knowledge about technology, to deliver instruction to students at different levels and paces, and to stimulate advanced levels of learning
5L. develop, implement, and evaluate lesson plans that include methods and strategies to maximize learning that incorporate a wide variety of materials and technology resources (INTASC 5n)

STANDARD 5: LEARNING ENVIRONMENT (INTASC Standard #3: Learning Environment)

A teacher must be able to use an understanding of individual and group motivation and behavior to create learning environments that encourage positive social interaction, active engagement in learning, and self-motivation. The teacher must:

6A. understand human motivation and behavior and draw from the foundational sciences of psychology, anthropology, and sociology to develop strategies for organizing and supporting individual and group work (INTASC 3c)

6B. understand how social groups function and influence people, and how people influence groups (INTASC 3i)

6C. know how to create learning environments that contribute to the self-esteem of all persons and to positive interpersonal relations (INTASC 3d)

6D. know how to help people work productively and cooperatively with each other in complex social settings (INTASC 3j);

6E. understand the principles of effective classroom management and use a range of strategies to promote positive relationships, cooperation, and purposeful learning in the classroom (INTASC 3k)

6F. know factors and situations that are likely to promote or diminish intrinsic motivation and how to help students become self-motivated (INTASC 3f)

6G. understand how participation supports commitment 6H. establish a positive climate in the classroom and participate in maintaining a positive climate in the school as a whole (INTASC 3p)

6I. establish peer relationships to promote learning (INTASC 3o)

6J. recognize the relationship of intrinsic motivation to student lifelong growth and learning PAGE 5

6K. use different motivational strategies that are likely to encourage continuous development of individual learner abilities (INTASC 3p)

6L. design and manage learning communities in which students assume responsibility for themselves and one another, participate in decision making, work both collaboratively and independently, and engage in purposeful learning activities (INTASC 3p)

6M. engage students in individual and group learning activities that help them develop the motivation to achieve, by relating lessons to students' personal interests, allowing
students to have choices in their learning, and leading students to ask questions and pursue problems that are meaningful to them and the learning (INTASC 3b)

6N. organize, allocate, and manage the resources of time, space, activities, and attention to provide active engagement of all students in productive tasks (INTASC 3d)

6O. maximize the amount of class time spent in learning by creating expectations and processes for communication and behavior along with a physical setting conducive to classroom goals (INTASC 3e)

6P. develop expectations for student interactions, academic discussions, and individual and group responsibility that create a positive classroom climate of openness, mutual respect, support, inquiry, and learning (INTASC 3f)

6Q. analyze the classroom environment and make decisions and adjustments to enhance social relationships, student motivation and engagement, and productive work (INTASC 3q)

6R. organize, prepare students for, and monitor independent and group work that allows for full, varied, and effective participation of all individuals (INTASC 3o)

STANDARD 6: COMMUNICATION (INTASC #8: Instructional Strategies)

A teacher must be able to use knowledge of effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques to foster active inquiry, collaboration, and supportive interaction in the classroom. The teacher must:

7A. understand communication theory, language development, and the role of language in learning

7B. understand how cultural and gender differences can affect communication in the classroom (INTASC 8k, 8q)

7C. understand the importance of nonverbal as well as verbal communication (INTASC 8m)

7D. know effective verbal, nonverbal, and media communication techniques (INTASC 8g, 8r)

7E. understand the power of language for fostering self-expression, identity development, and learning (INTASC 8l)

7F. use effective listening techniques (INTASC 8p)

7G. foster sensitive communication by and among all students in the class

7H. use effective communication strategies in conveying ideas and information and in asking questions (INTASC 8s)
7I. support and expand learner expression in speaking, writing, and other media

7K. use a variety of media and educational technology to enrich learning opportunities (INTASC 8o)

STANDARD 7: PLANNING INSTRUCTION (INTASC #7: Planning Instruction)

A teacher must be able to plan and manage instruction based upon knowledge of subject matter, students, the community, and curriculum goals. The teacher must:

8A. understand learning theory, subject matter, curriculum development, and student development and know how to use this knowledge in planning instruction to meet curriculum goals (INTASC 7i)

8B. plan instruction using contextual considerations that bridge curriculum and student experiences (INTASC 7b)

8C. plan instructional programs that accommodate individual student learning styles and performance modes (INTASC 7j)

8D. create short-range and long-range plans that are linked to student needs and performance (INTASC 7p)

8E. design lessons and activities that operate at multiple levels to meet the developmental and individual needs of students and to help all progress (INTASC 7a)

8F. implement learning experiences that are appropriate for curriculum goals, relevant to learners, and based on principles of effective instruction including activating student prior knowledge, anticipating preconceptions, encouraging exploration and problem solving, and building new skills on those previously acquired (INTASC 7n)

8G. evaluate plans in relation to short-range and long-range goals, and systematically adjust plans to meet student needs and enhance learning (INTASC 7f)

8H. plan for the management of technology resources within the context of learning activities and develop strategies to manage student learning in a technology-integrated environment (INTASC 7k)

STANDARD 9: REFLECTION AND PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT (INTASC #9: Professional Learning and Ethical Practice)

A teacher must be a reflective practitioner who continually evaluates the effects of choices and actions on others, including students, parents, and other professionals in the learning community, and who actively seeks out opportunities for professional growth. The teacher must:

10A. understand the historical and philosophical foundations of education (INTASC 9o)
10B. understand methods of inquiry, self-assessment, and problem-solving strategies for use in professional self-assessment (INTASC 9n)

10E. understand the role of reflection and self-assessment on continual learning (INTASC 9g, 9m)

10F. understand the value of critical thinking and self-directed learning (INTASC 9l)

10G. understand professional responsibility and the need to engage in and support appropriate professional practices for self and colleagues (INTASC 9c, 9n)

10H. use classroom observation, information about students, and research as sources for evaluating the outcomes of teaching and learning and as a basis for reflecting on and revising practice (INTASC 9a)

- The MN-SEPTs can be read in their entirety at: [http://www.revisor.leg.state.mn.us/arule/8710/2000.html](http://www.revisor.leg.state.mn.us/arule/8710/2000.html)
- The national inTasc Model Core Teaching Standards are available at: [https://www.ccsso.org/sites/default/files/2017-12/2013_INTASC_Learning_Progressions_for_Teachers.pdf](https://www.ccsso.org/sites/default/files/2017-12/2013_INTASC_Learning_Progressions_for_Teachers.pdf)

## Course Content

### Unit 1

#### Activities and Readings

- Whole-class feedback on group visit to schools
- Observing, analyzing and comparing school environments
- Reading: Observation tasks, Kati Somogyi-Toth, 2012

#### Assessment

- Group discussion followed by teacher-fronted recap

### Unit 2

#### Activities and Readings

- Whole-class feedback on group visit to schools
- Observing, analyzing and comparing school environments
Assessment
- Group discussion followed by teacher-fronted recap

Unit 3

Activities and Readings
- Whole-class feedback on group visit to schools
- Observing, analyzing and comparing school environments
- Reading: Observation tasks, Kati Somogyi-Toth, 2012

Assessment
- Group discussion followed by teacher-fronted recap

Unit 4

Activities and Readings
- Individual feedback on school placement and teaching practice
- Reflecting on pedagogy and the specificities of teaching foreign languages to young children
- Reading: Lesson Plan Format, Kati Somogyi-Toth, 2012

Assessment
- Self-analysis and evaluation of teaching practice followed by teacher’s guidance for improvement

Unit 5

Activities and Readings
- Individual feedback on school placement and teaching practice
- Reflecting on pedagogy and the specificities of teaching foreign languages to young children
- Reading: Self-Observation tasks, Kati Somogyi-Toth, 2012
Assessment
- Self-analysis and evaluation of teaching practice followed by teacher’s guidance for improvement

Unit 6

Activities and Readings
- Individual feedback on school placement and teaching practice
- Reflecting on pedagogy and the specificities of teaching foreign languages to young children

Activities and Readings
- Self-analysis and evaluation of teaching practice followed by teacher’s guidance for improvement

Policies

Attendance Policy
Students are expected to be on time and attend all classes while abroad. Many instructors assess both attendance and participation when assigning a final course grade. Attendance alone does not guarantee a positive participation grade; the student should be prepared for class and engage in class discussion. See the on-site syllabus for specific class requirements.

University of Minnesota Policies & Procedures
Academic integrity is essential to a positive teaching and learning environment. All students enrolled in University courses are expected to complete coursework responsibilities with fairness and honesty. Failure to do so by seeking unfair advantage over others or misrepresenting someone else’s work as your own can result in disciplinary action. The University Student Conduct Code defines scholastic dishonesty as follows:

Scholastic Dishonesty
Scholastic dishonesty means plagiarizing; cheating on assignments or examinations; engaging in unauthorized collaboration on academic work; taking, acquiring, or using test materials without faculty permission; submitting false or incomplete records of academic achievement; acting alone or in cooperation with another to falsify records or to obtain dishonestly grades, honors, awards, or professional endorsement; altering forging, or misusing a University academic record; or fabricating or falsifying data, research procedures, or data analysis.
Within this course, a student responsible for scholastic dishonesty can be assigned a penalty up to and including an “F” or “N” for the course. If you have any questions regarding the expectations for a specific assignment or exam, ask.

**Student Conduct**

The University of Minnesota has specific policies concerning student conduct. This information can be found on the Learning Abroad Center website.